# **Understanding Society User Support - Support #1912**

## Merging newborn and child data Waves 11 & 12

06/05/2023 01:56 PM - Rehana Meeajan

Status:	Resolved	Start date:	06/05/2023
Priority:	Normal	% Done:	100%
Assignee:			
Category:	Data management		

## **Description**

Hello.

I am trying to look at breastfeeding data for waves 11 and 12, and note there is breastfeeding data in both k\_child and k\_newborn datasets. I am struggling to merge the two, and to find wider birth year data for the k\_newborn set.

I gather that by using k\_hidp and k\_pno a unique identifier is created, however, I am not certain of whether the k\_pno in k\_newborn relates to the mother/parent or the newborn.

When I merge 1:1 in stata using pidp, or hidp, or k\_hidp k\_pno, it says none of these approaches uniquely identify the data. Will I have a valid data set if i merge m:1 or even m:m? It seems that these data sets (child and newborn) relate to largely different groups. However, I cannot be sure if this is because the newborn data is linked to the parent and not the newborn.

Lastly, if merging m:1 as above (I get 0 matches in stata if I do this), I still have incomplete birth year data for the newborn entries.

Many thanks for any advice.

#### History

### #1 - 06/06/2023 04:08 PM - Understanding Society User Support Team

- Category set to Data management
- Status changed from New to In Progress
- Private changed from Yes to No

Many thanks for your enquiry. The Understanding Society team is looking into it and we will get back to you as soon as we can. We aim to respond to simple queries within 48 hours and more complex issues within 7 working days.

Best wishes.

Understanding Society User Support Team

### #2 - 06/07/2023 08:58 AM - Understanding Society User Support Team

- Status changed from In Progress to Feedback
- % Done changed from 0 to 70

Hello,

w\_child - that file is at the child level, there are two unique identifiers, pidp and the combination of w\_hidp and w\_childpno w\_newborn - that file is multi-level at the parent level, so pidp and pno refers to parents. However, child's pno is also provided: lchno. You can use the combination of w\_hidp nad w\_lchno to merge this data with other files. You would use merge 1:m when merging newborn to child:

use "\$in/ukhls/k\_child", replace merge 1:m k\_hidp k\_pno using "\$outpath/newborn",

and merge m:1 when merging child to newborn

use "\$in/ukhls/k\_newborn", replace drop k\_pno rename k\_lchno k\_pno merge m:1 k\_hidp k\_pno using "\$in/ukhls/k\_child"

However, you may want first to keep one observation per child in the newborn file, in case of your research that should be achieved by keeping only non-missing values on brfed.

Finally, the birth year and sex variables in the newborn file refer only to non-resident children, hence these are missing for most of the newborns. You can link that information from indall or child.

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I hope it helps.

Best wishes, Piotr, UKHLS User Support

# #3 - 11/30/2023 01:06 PM - Understanding Society User Support Team

- Status changed from Feedback to Resolved
- % Done changed from 70 to 100

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